§ 7.6

area. If the eligible voter has an interest in land located in more than one local administrative area in a single county, such voter will not be entitled to vote in more than one local administrative area in that county. There will be no voting by proxy.

§ 7.6 Establishment of local administrative areas.

- (a) The Secretary, or the Secretary's designee, may designate local administrative areas within a county or a larger area under the jurisdiction of a county committee.
- (1) There will be a minimum of three local administrative areas in each county. In counties that have been combined or consolidated into a multiple county office, there will be 3 to 11 local administrative areas. In single-county offices, there will be three to five local administrative areas. With respect to Alaska and Puerto Rico, the county will be the area so designated by the State committees. In Louisiana, the term "county" applies to parishes.
- (2) Each local administrative area will have not more than one elected county committee member.
- (3) The boundaries of the local administrative areas will be determined by the State committee after considering recommendations by the county committee in which the local administrative areas are located.
- (4) The county committee must give public notice of the local administrative area boundaries in advance of the election and nomination processes.
 - (b) [Reserved]

§ 7.7 Calling of elections.

- (a) The Secretary will establish a county committee in each county or area under the jurisdiction of a multiple county office.
- (b) Each election of county committee members must be held on a date, or within a specified period of time, determined by the Deputy Administrator. Each such election must be held in accordance with instructions issued by the Deputy Administrator, and the instructions must be available for public examination in each county office.
- (c) If the number of eligible voters voting in any election of county com-

mittee members is so small that the State committee determines that the result of that election does not represent the views of a substantial number of eligible voters, the State committee may declare the election void and call a new election. If it is determined by the State committee that the election for any position on a county committee has not been held substantially in accordance with official instructions, the State committee will declare such election void and call a new election.

§ 7.8 Nominations for county committee.

- (a) Nominations to the county committee will be publicly solicited with a closing date for nominations not less than 90 days prior to the election date.
- (b) Each solicitation for nomination will include the nondiscrimination statement used by the Secretary.
- (c) To be eligible for nomination for election in a single county jurisdiction in the local administrative area conducting the election, a person must be a farmer or rancher residing within that local administrative area under the jurisdiction of the county committee. In a multiple county jurisdiction, or in the case where an local administrative area or county boundary runs through a farm, a person will only be eligible for nomination in the jurisdiction and local administrative area in which the person's records are administered.
- (d) To be eligible, nominees must be farmers or ranchers who:
- (1) Participated in a program administered within an area under the jurisdiction of the county committee; or
- (2) At the time of the deadline to submit nominations, cooperate as evidenced in county office records.
- (e) Nominations of eligible farmers and ranchers will be solicited and accepted from organizations representing the interests of socially disadvantaged farmers and ranchers.
- (f) Eligible farmers and ranchers may nominate themselves or other farmers and ranchers who meet the nomination criteria in paragraph (d) of this section, and who certify their willingness to serve on the county committee.